People Matter: 2004 Organisational Health in LEA

Understanding Organisational Health in Lutheran Schools:
Exploring the Critical Link Between Leadership,
School Climate and Staff Well-being





Overview

Introducing Organisational Health

In this part, delegates will be introduced to the organisational health framework. We will consider the relationship between occupational stress and morale, and will gain an understanding of the major personal and organisational factors which contribute to staff well-being and organisational performance.

The Critical Role of Leadership in LEA

In this part, delegates will explore the critical role of leadership in driving staff motivation and school performance. We will consider the relationship between leadership and school climate, and examine ways in which school leaders can build a high-performing work environment that engages and motivates staff.

Working With Organisational Health Data

In this part, delegates will explore the best ways in which to link organisational health data to school improvement strategies. We will examine previous 'best practice' that has led to sustained improvements in the motivation of staff and the performance of schools, and will practice the interpretation of sample reports.

© September 2004

Insight SRC own all copyright and intellectual property rights in the information contained in this document.

No part of this document may be reproduced or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, without the prior written permission of Insight SRC Pty Ltd



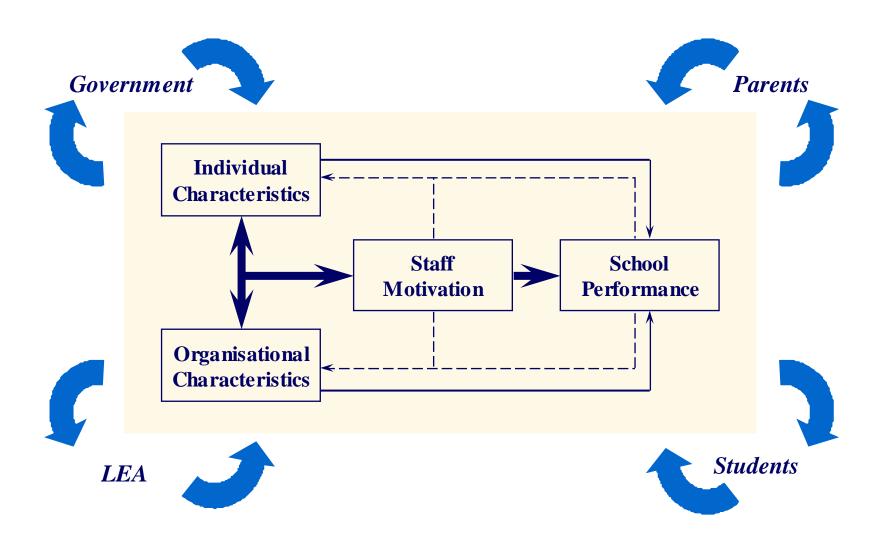
People Matter - Research in LEA

During 2004, 15 Lutheran Schools participated in a comprehensive assessment of leadership, school climate and staff well-being. The survey instrument used in this project has been used extensively in the education sector throughout Australia – providing an opportunity to examine the quality of people management practices in Lutheran schools.

	Invited	Completed	Response Rate
LEA Overall	698	538	77.1%
Range for all Schools			40-100%
Median for all Schools			84.0%



School Organisational Health





Is Conventional Wisdom Misleading?

Is the culture of the system really that different from the culture in individual schools?

Are conditions, resources, and structures more important than culture in motivating and retaining staff?

Is there really a link between staff satisfaction, student learning outcomes, and parent satisfaction?

Is teaching in LEA really stressful?

Are stress and morale really the opposite sides of the one coin?

Are younger staff really that different from older staff?



Humorous Definition

Stress can be defined as the conflict created when one's mind overrides the body's basic desire to choke the living daylights out of some !#@\$! who desperately deserves it!







Practical Definitions



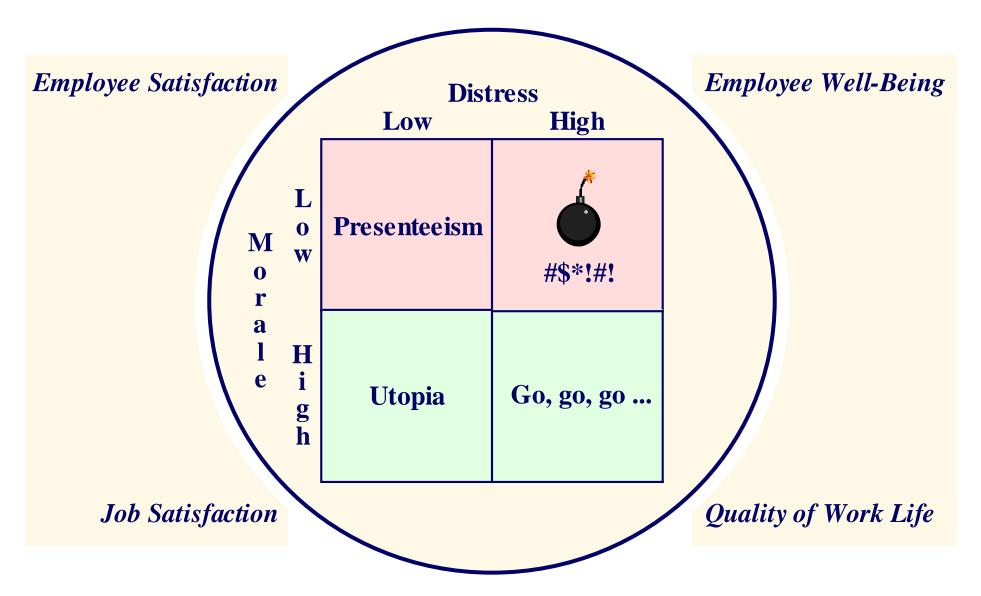
(e.g., anxiety, depression, frustration, worry)

Morale refers to the positive feelings that people experience as a result of their work

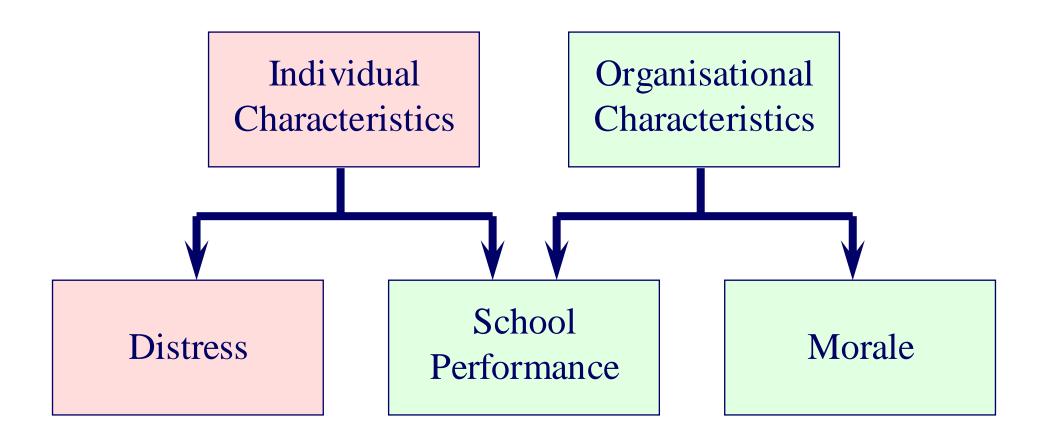
(e.g., energy, enthusiasm, pride, team spirit)



Emotion is the Key to Staff Motivation



Key Drivers of School Organisational Health



Based on Hart & Cooper (2001)



Research Evidence in Education

Individual Morale

Organisational 51 Climate 30 Sociability Emotionality -30 Positive Work Experiences 28 Negative Work Experience -18

Individual Distress

Emotionality	67
Organisational Climate	-36
Negative Work Experiences	23
Positive Work Experiences	-10
Sociability	05
Emotion Focused Coping	03

Workplace Morale

Organisational Climate	85
Emotionality	-29
Sociability	15

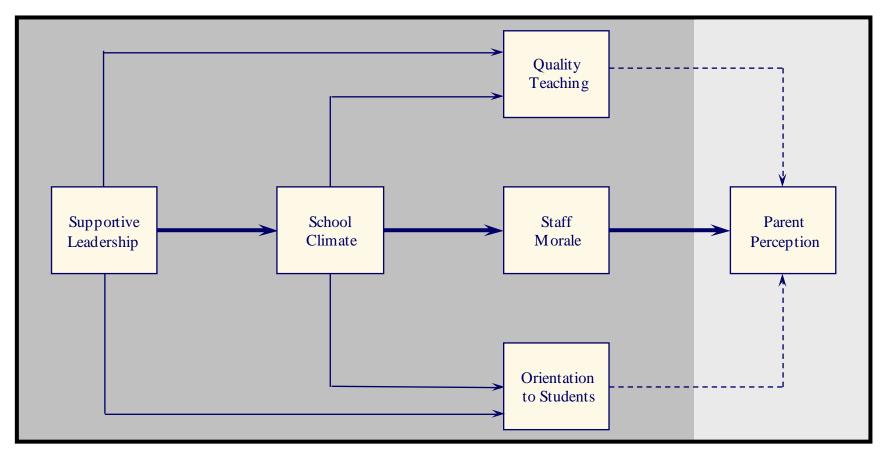
Workplace Distress

Organisational Climate	-60
Emotionality	45
Negative Work Experiences	25
Emotion Focused Coping	04



Linking Leadership to Parent Perceptions

Core business outcomes are not necessarily driven by those factors that are typically believed to be important!

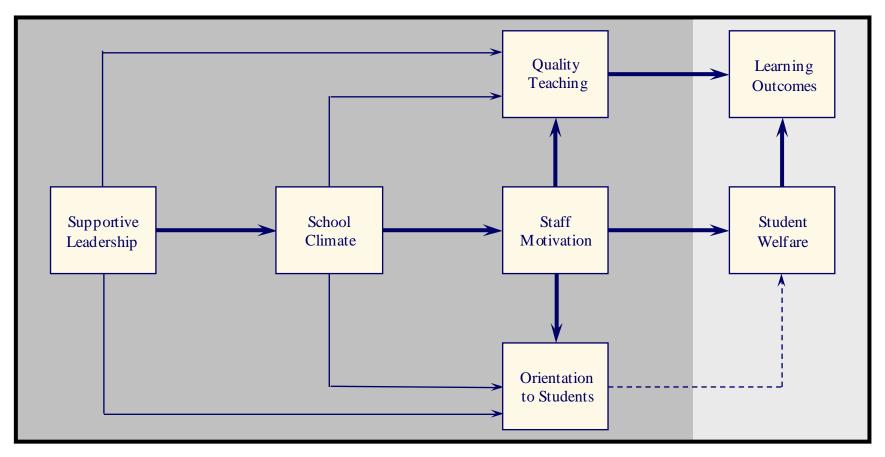


Based on Excellence Through Leadership (Victoria) and School Improvement Review (Tasmania)



Making a Difference to Student Outcomes

The quality of leadership and school climate is critical in driving the quality of student well-being and learning outcomes



Based on DEEM (Victoria)



Critical Aspects of Team Climate & Motivation

Feedback
Goal Congruence
Participative Decision-Making
Professional Growth
Professional Interaction
Role Clarity
Supportive Leadership
Work Demands

Feedback
Individual Distress
Individual Morale
School Distress
School Morale



School Organisational Health Questionnaire

Generic Components

Career Opportunities

Excessive Work Demands

Feedback

Goal Congruence

Participative Decision-Making

Professional Growth

Professional Interaction

Role Clarity

Supportive Leadership

School Components

Effective Discipline Policy

Curriculum Coordination

Learning Environment

Misbehaviour (School)

Misbehaviour (Classroom)

Student Decision-Making

Student Orientation

Student Motivation

Motivational Components

Individual Distress

Individual Morale

Job Satisfaction

School Distress

School Morale

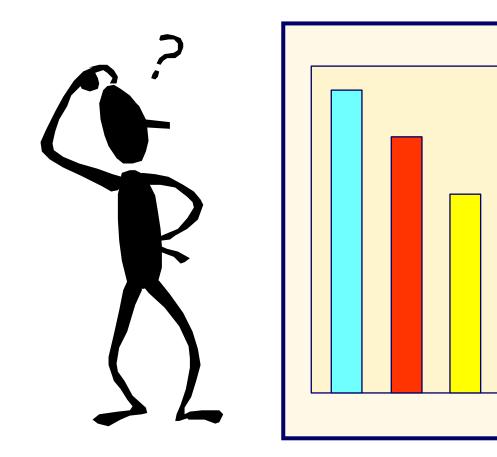








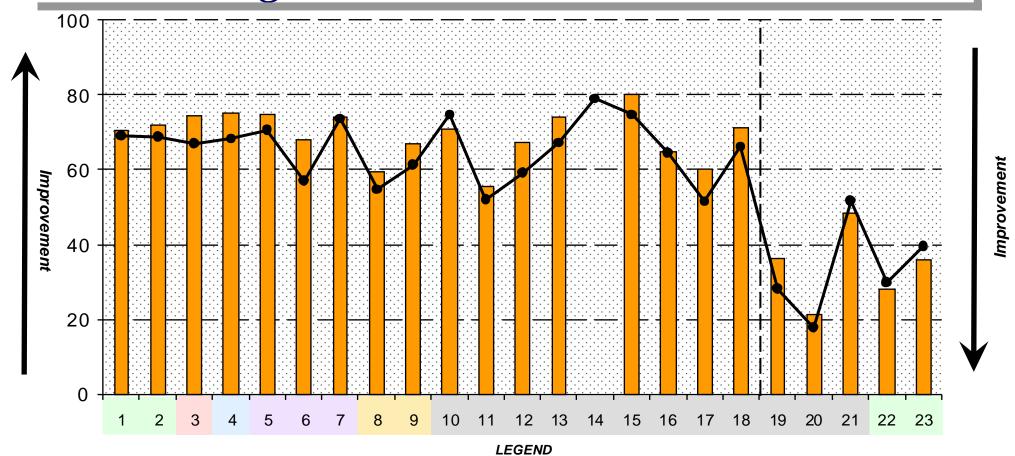
Levels of Organisational Health



- (a) Government Schools
- (b) LEA Schools
- (c) Public Sector
- (d) Private Sector



Organisational Health in LEA



- 1. Individual Morale
- 2. School Morale
- 3. Supportive Leadership
- 4. Role Clarity
- 5. Professional Interaction
- 6. Participative Decision-Making
- 7. Goal Congruence
- 8. Appraisal & Recognition
- 9. Professional Growth
- 10. Job Satisfaction
- 11. Career Opportunities
- 12. Curriculum Coordination
- 13. Effective Discipline Policy
- 14. Christian Community
- 15. Student Orientation
- 16. Student Motivation
- 17. Student Decision-Making
- 18. Learning Environment

- 19. Student Misbehaviour
- 20. Classroom Misbehaviour
- 21. Excessive Work Demands
- 22. Individual Distress
- 23. School Distress

Aust. Education Benchmark

Lutheran Education Australia 2004(538)

1-2, 22-23

Motiv ation

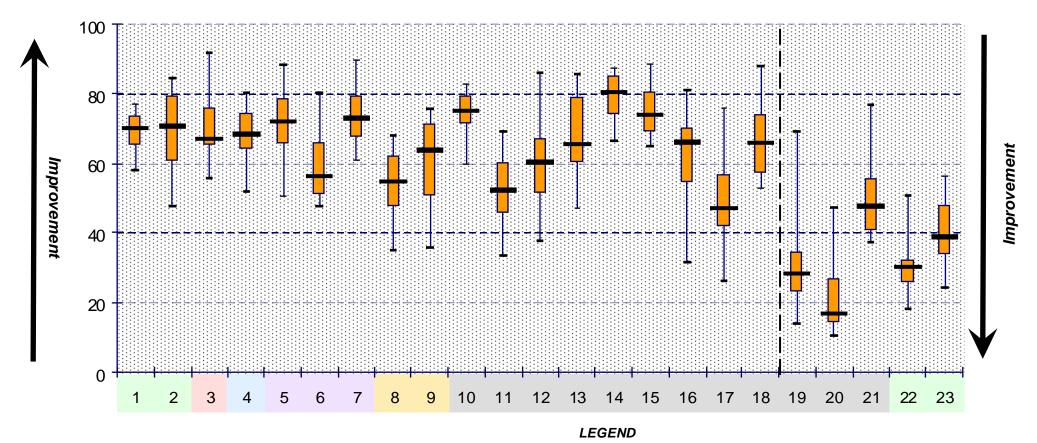
Empathy

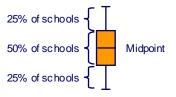
4 Clarity 5-7 15 Engagement

8-9 Learning 10-21
Outcomes



Range of LEA School Performance





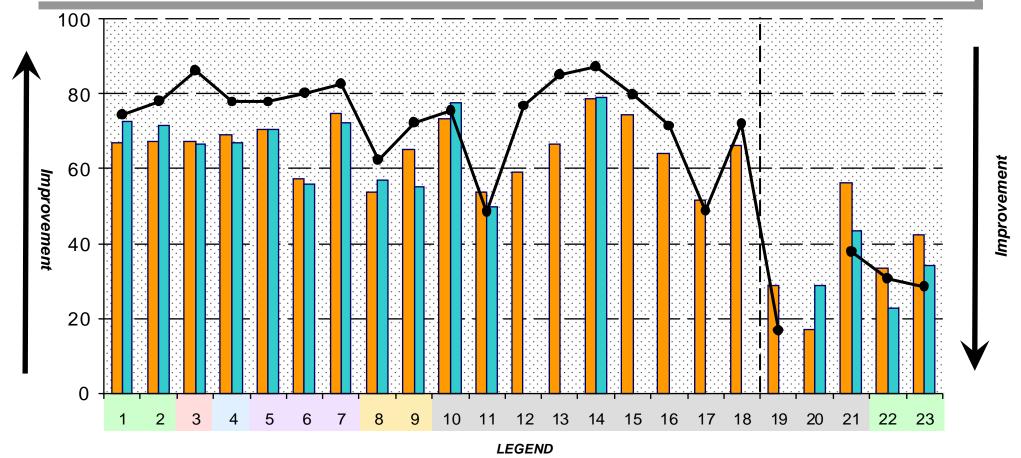
- 1. Individual Morale
- School Morale
- 3. Supportive Leadership
- 4. Role Clarity
- 5. Professional Interaction
- 6. Participative Decision-Making
- 7. Goal Congruence
- 8. Feedback
- 9. Professional Growth
- 10. Job Satisfaction
- 11. Career Opportunities
- 12. Curriculum Coordination
- 13. Effective Discipline Policy
- 14. Christian Community
- 15. Student Orientation
- 16. Student Motivation
- 17. Student Decision-Making
- 18. Learning Environment
- 19. Student Misbehaviour
- 20. Classroom Misbehaviour
- 21. Excessive Work Demands
- 22. Individual Distress
- 23. School Distress

1-2, 22-23 3 4 5-7 8-9 10-21

Motivation Empathy Clarity Engagement Learning Outcomes



Differences Among Occupational Groups



- 1. Individual Morale
- 2. School Morale
- 3. Supportive Leadership
- 4. Role Clarity
- 5. Professional Interaction
- 6. Participative Decision-Making
- 7. Goal Congruence
- 8. Feedback
- 9. Professional Growth
- 10. Job Satisfaction
- 11. Career Opportunities
- 12. Curriculum Coordination
- 13. Effective Discipline Policy
- 14. Christian Community
- 15. Student Orientation
- 13. Student Onematio
- 16. Student Motivation
- 17. Student Decision-Making
- 18. Learning Environment

- 19. Student Misbehaviour
- 20. Classroom Misbehaviour
- 21. Excessive Work Demands
- 22. Individual Distress
- 23. School Distress

Teaching 2004(326)

Non Teaching 2004(190)

Principal 2004(14)

1-2, 22-23 Motiv ation

Empathy

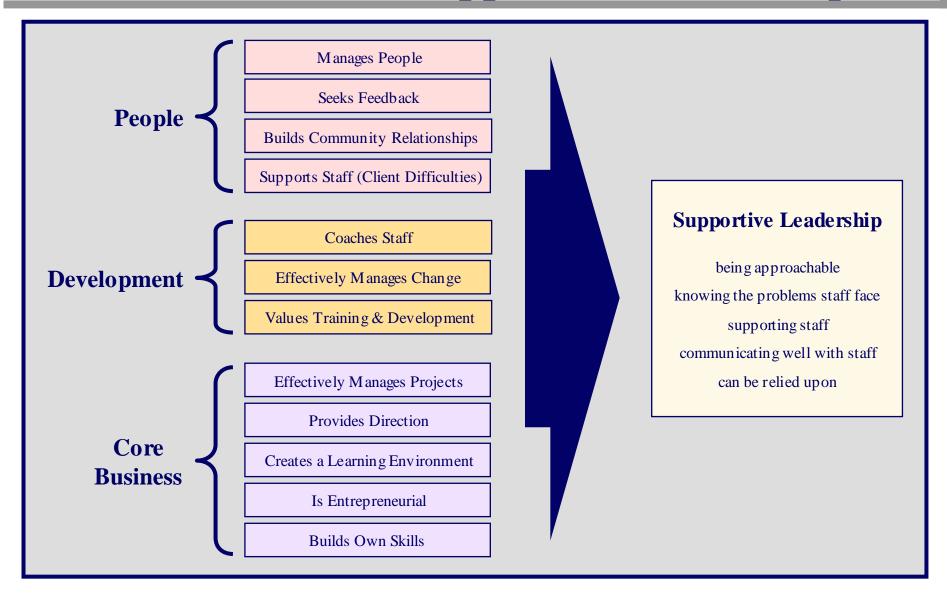
4 Clarity

5-7 17 Engagement

8-9 Learning 10-21 Outcomes

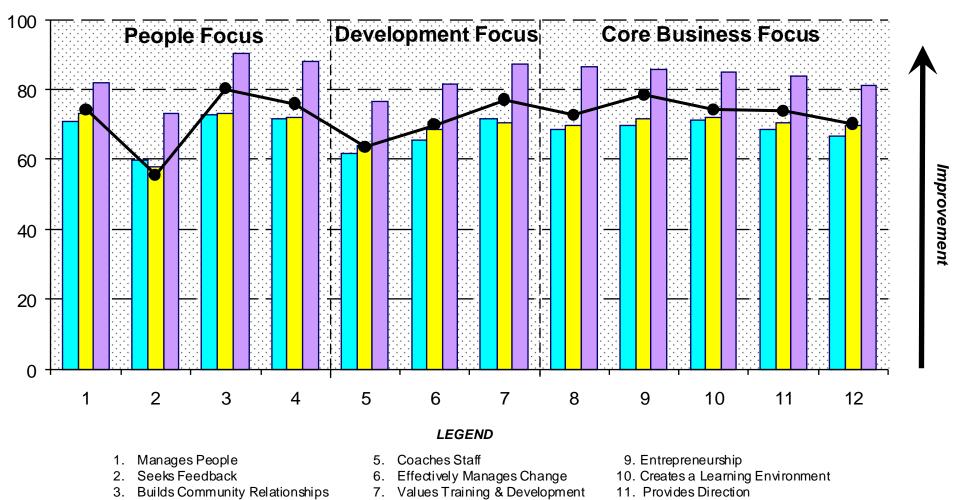
insight SRC

What is Behind Supportive Leadership





School Leadership - External Benchmark Comparisons



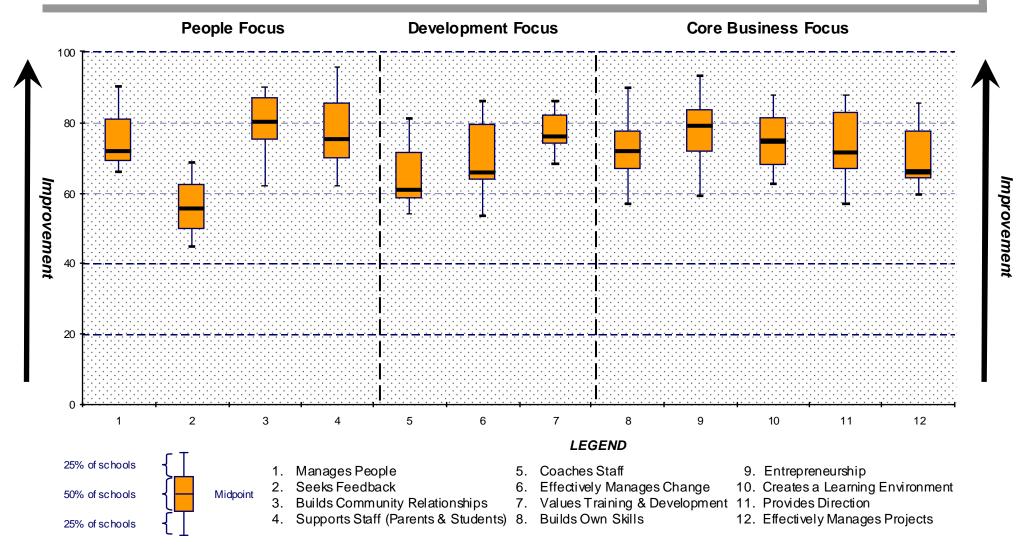
- 4. Supports Staff (Parents & Students)
- Builds Skills

- 12. Effectively Manages Projects



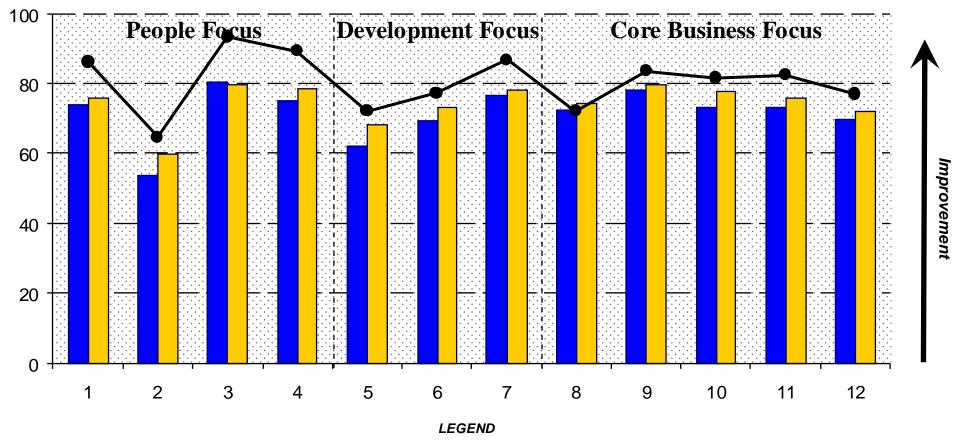


Range of LEA Principal Ratings





Differences Among Occupational Groups



- 1. Manages People
- 2. Seeks Feedback
- 3. Builds Community Relationships
- 4. Supports Staff (Parents & Students)
- 5. Coaches Staff
- 6. Effectively Manages Change
- 7. Values Training & Development
- Builds Skills

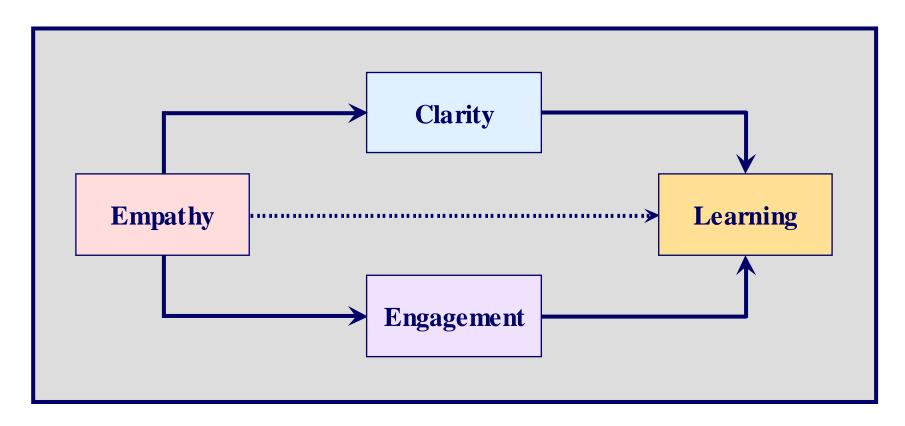
- 9. Entrepreneurship
- 10. Creates a Learning Environment
- 11. Provides Direction
- 12. Effectively Manages Projects

Teaching 2004(326) Non Teaching 2004(190) - Principal 2004(14)



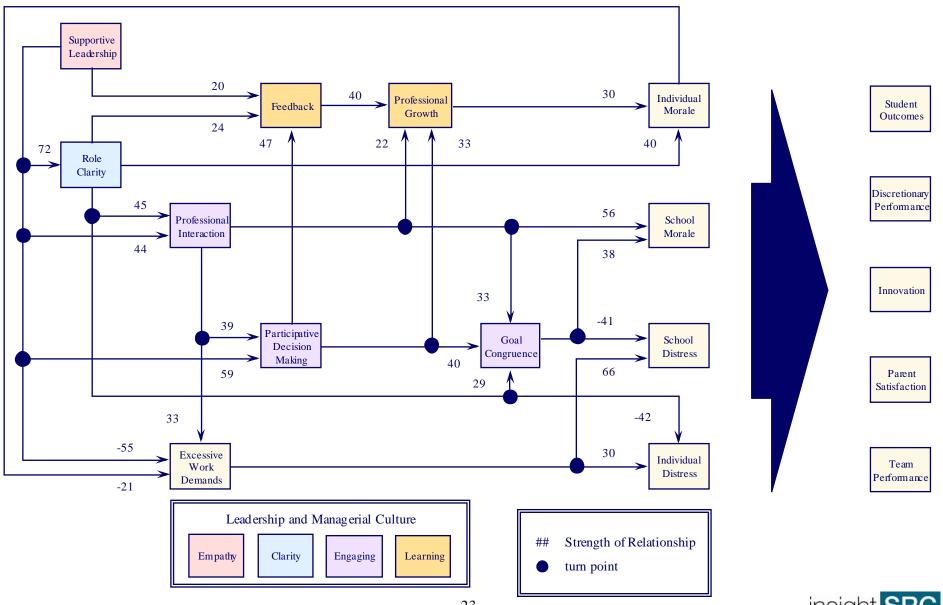
Building a Quality Team Environment

Research in a wide variety of organisations, including those in the education sector, demonstrates that the four key elements of Empathy, Clarity, Engagement and Learning underpin the quality of the team environment. More importantly, employee opinion data and the evaluation of development practices in a range of organisations has shown that these key elements underpin employee motivation, discretionary effort, and customer experience.





Best Practice Model of People Management



Key Drivers of Staff Satisfaction & Motivation

School Morale

Supportive Leadership	74
Professional Interaction	74
Role Clarity	45
Goal Congruence	39
Emotionality	-24
Participative Decision-Making	15
Sociability	11

School Distress

Excessive	
Work Demands	66
Supportive Leadership	-60
Goal Congruence	-41
Emotionality	40
Participative	
Decision-Making	-19
Individual Morale	-14
Role Clarity	-18

Individual Morale

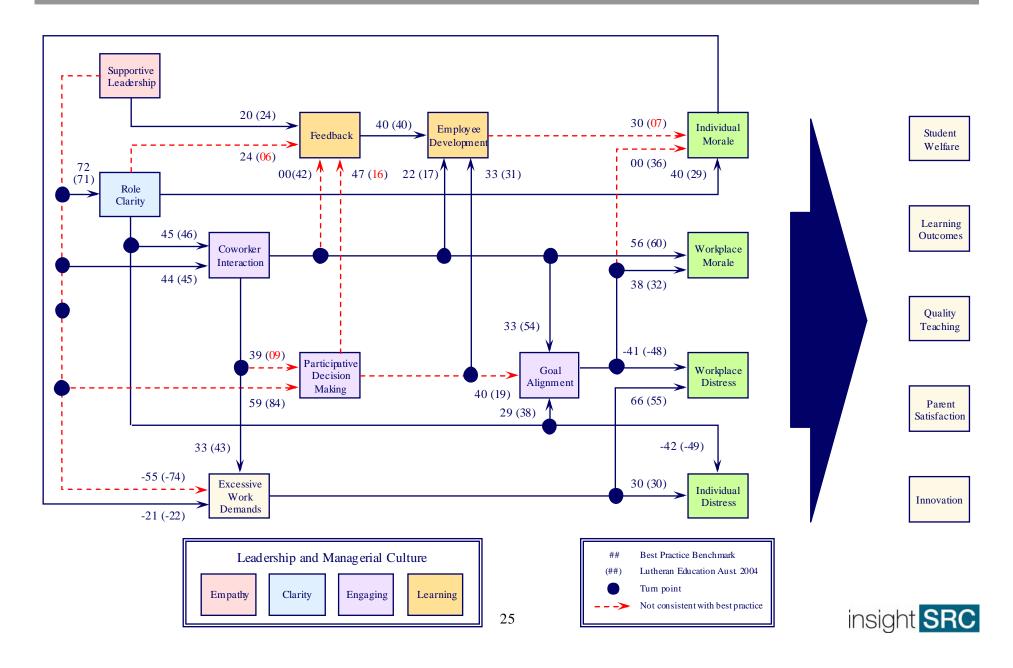
Supportive Leadership	52
Role Clarity	48
Professional Growth	30
Emotionality	-28
Sociability	27
Participative Decision-Making	16
Professional Interaction	13
Feedback	12

Individual Distress

Emotionality	61
Supportive Leadership	-42
Role Clarity	-41
Excessive Work Demands	30



Best Practice Comparison – LEA 2004



Implications for Continued Improvement

Improving the performance of LEA schools is an ongoing process that requires integration of many data sources and the implementation of holistic action learning programs. However, a crucial element in enhancing satisfaction and performance in LEA schools is the creation of team environments that engage and motivate all staff.

Leadership & Managerial Behaviour

focus on people
focus on development
focus on core business



Create an Engaging Team Culture

feedback
goal congruence
participative decision-making
professional development
professional interaction
role clarity
supportive leadership



Organisational Performance



Staff Motivation



Strategic Approach to Improvement

Cultural Change Process:

- **Organisation-wide accountability and <u>development</u> framework**
- Developing leadership and managerial <u>capability</u>
- **Ensuring ownership and commitment to the change process**

Measurement and Monitoring Systems:

- **Quality** measurement tools and processes
- Outcome and development focused
- **Continuous improvement** and performance management systems

Research and Knowledge Building:

- **Establishing what will actually make a difference**
- **Communication strategies that are <u>focused on outcomes</u>**
- Integration with all elements of the organisation's people systems



The Action-Learning Development Process

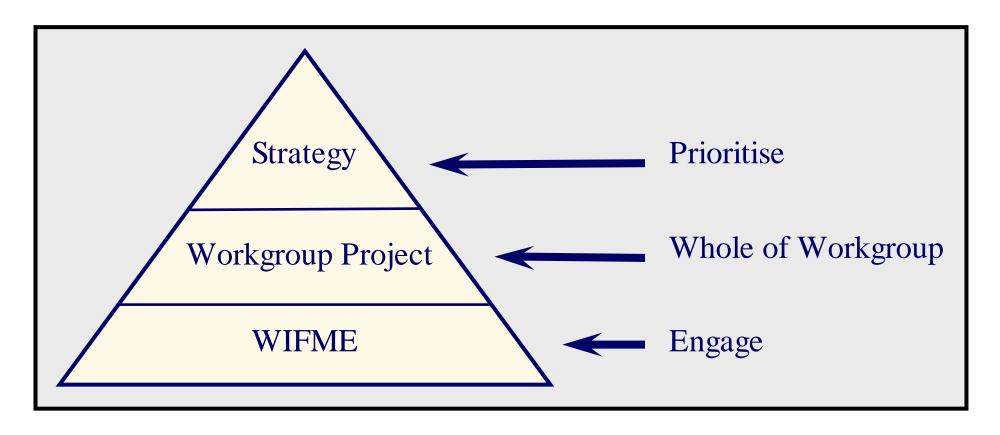
Knowledge building in the area of people management is critical to achieving sustained improvements in people management capability. However, knowledge on its own will not lead to changed behaviour. It is necessary to provide a context in which this knowledge can be applied and transformed into new ways of interacting and behaving. This can be achieved through a workgroup project supported by focused coaching. It is critical, however, for all employees to be engaged in the change process. These four elements are the essence of a quality action-learning process.





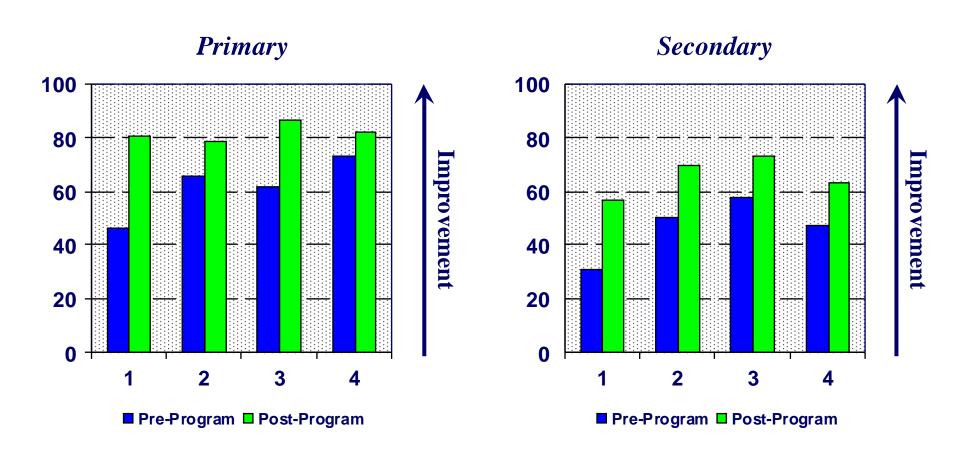
Gaining Traction – A Hierarchy of Need

For an improvement strategy to have the desired effect of bringing about change in the quality of your workgroup's people management culture, the change process must be part of a strategic development plan and be clearly seen as a 'win-win' for all stakeholders.





School Improvements Are Possible



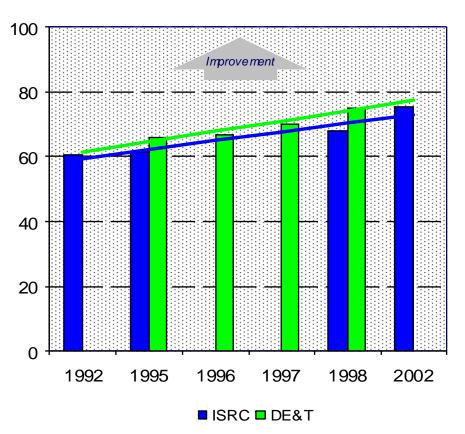
LEGEND

- 1. Morale 2. Supportive Leadership
- 3. Professional Interaction
- 4. Goal Congruence

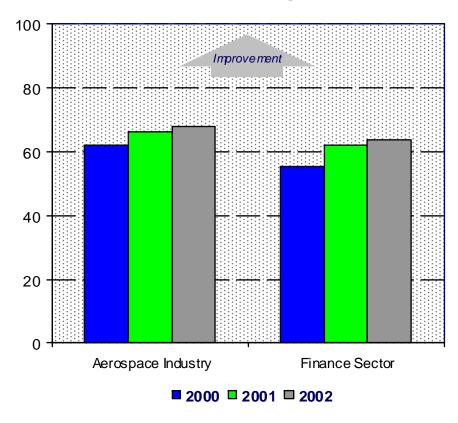


Organisation-Wide Improvements in Morale

Victorian Government Schools



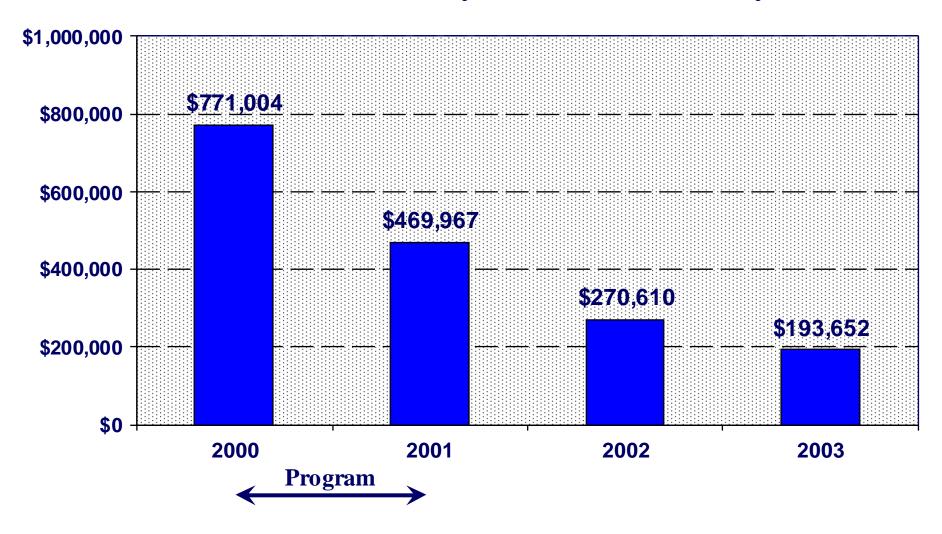
Private Sector Organisations





Reducing Workers' Compensation Premiums

\$577,352 reduction in three years in one secondary school!



Achieving These Gains

Surveys are merely tools or decision-aides in the change process and will not automatically lead to improvements:

- **▶** Properly diagnose the <u>real</u> issues
- **▶** The leadership team must be <u>champions</u> for change
- ▶ All staff must be <u>involved</u> in the diagnostic and change process
- ▶ Appropriate <u>support</u> must be provided to 'struggling' schools and work teams
- **▶** Appropriate <u>support</u> must be provided to 'disaffected' staff
- **▶** There must be <u>accountability</u> at all stages of the change process



Questions ...

What questions do you have about:

- Organisational health in Lutheran schools
- **▶** The School Organisational Health Questionnaire:
 - **→** Accuracy (i.e., reliability and validity)
 - **▶ Completion (e.g., administration and logistics)**
 - **→** Acceptance in school environments
- The role of organisational health in delivering better educational services
- The use of organisational health data as part of the school improvement process
- **▶** Anything else of interest and/or concern ...

